ADEQUACY AND UTILISATION OF HUMAN RESOURCES IN HEALTH SCIENCE LIBRARIES IN LAGOS STATE

BY

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APRIL 2005

CERTIFICATION

CERTIFICATION	
This is to certify that this project was carried out by	Ibegwam, Ahiaoma in the
Department of Educational Administration, University of I	agos, Akoka.
Dr. R A Alani (Supervisor)	Date
(Super issue)	

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ABSTRACT

This study investigated the adequacy and utilization of human resources in health science libraries in Lagos. The literature was reviewed along the line of studies on human resources and utilization. Developments in the medical library profession in the areas of education and training were also reviewed. This review is aimed at identifying success factors for health science information education that would need to be present for the changing environment of healthcare at the dawn of the 21st century.

The descriptive research design technique was adopted for this study. The survey method was used and the study was carried out in all known health science related libraries in Lagos state — The sample consisted all professional librarians in the institutions visited, at least 10% of the student and lecturer population of such institutions. Three sets of questionnaires, and participant observation were used, to obtain data for the study. The data collected were analysed according to the research questions and hypotheses by using the mean rating/rank order, the Pearson Product Moment Correlation and Chi-Square statistical tools. The t-test was used for the verification of these statistical tools.

The findings revealed that the quantity and quality of manpower available in health science libraries were sufficient as attested to by the librarians and the students. The adequacy of the librarians was also demonstrated in their availability to attend to the needs of their clients as well as the ability to meet the expectations of the users who reported finding their assistance useful most times. The major problems encountered by the librarians in the provision of services were in the areas of external distraction sometimes due to the bad location of the library, mismanagement, inadequate funding and inflation.

This study concludes that there was significance between the adequacy of Medical library's human resources and the acquisition of knowledge by the faculty and staff of such institutions. The adequacy of Medical librarians will facilitate the effective utilisation of library facilities. The provision of library facilities will not enlarge the utilization ability of the medical librarians.

The implications for practice and for policy were stated to include that the Ministry of Education via the National Universities Commissions(NUC) should play a role in redressing the problem of the librarian's stress through inadequate financing by making a special case for the equipping of the health sciences libraries with human and material resources since it is the most 'public service offered to all members of the institution's community. The librarian also needs to embark on more public/community enlightenment about what services their users should expect from their institutional libraries and librarians.

The parent institution should ensure that their health science librarians consult and collaborate with other academics, to build a collection of information resources, provide access and manage these resources. Suggestions for further research were made.

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